



# Testing approaches to automatic comparison of qualifications in Poland – initial results

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based on joint work with:  
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# Integrated Qualificaton Register

- ✓ over 10 000 qualifications (10 001 – November 28, 2019)
- ✓ ca. 700 contain full descriptions of LO's
- ✓ ca. 500 contain short descriptions of LO's

By the end of the year:

- ✓ several dozens of new market qualifications (over 200 in queue for next year)
- ✓ ca. 5000 descriptions for HE qualifications
- ✓ ca. 215 descriptions for VET qualifications (new curriculum)



## Our Context: Qualifications Register modernization

- ✓ Improving searching and browsing usability  
(semantic search, filtering options, categorization and/or tagging of content, context browsing tools)
- ✓ Developing automatic reporting and additional queries  
(qualifications comparison, generating lists of qualifications based on selected criteria, e.g. containing phrases, similar to)
- ✓ Designing web applications:
  - ✓ „Compass”;
  - ✓ „Learning pathways”;
  - ✓ „Virtual assistant”.



# The „WHY?": Similar challenges to international context?

Policy perspectives:

- ✓ Accessibility and transparency of qualifications system;
- ✓ Credit accumulation and transfer and building learning pathways (awarding bodies and learners);
- ✓ Preventing proliferation of similar qualifications;
- ✓ ...





## The „WHAT?\": long list

- ✓ Assessing similarity of objects;
- ✓ Determining and representing relations between qualifications;
- ✓ Grouping / clustering of qualifications;
- ✓ Classifying and linking to existing taxonomies/classifications;
- ✓ Supporting decision process and qualification design/description;
- ✓ Supporting levelling proces.





# The „HOW?": A intuitive typology of approaches (for the purpose of this presentation only)

## Analytical approaches:

- ~ Based on separation of constituent elements of a complex entity (e.g. key features identification);
- ~ More formalised methodology and analysis process;
- ~ Conceivable output

## Holistic approaches:

- ~ Based on analysis of whole entities;
- ~ Exploiting the combination of vast (yet often undefined) knowledge and heuristic reasoning;





## The „HOW?": Similar challenges?

Do you think  
we need  
some help to  
figure it out?



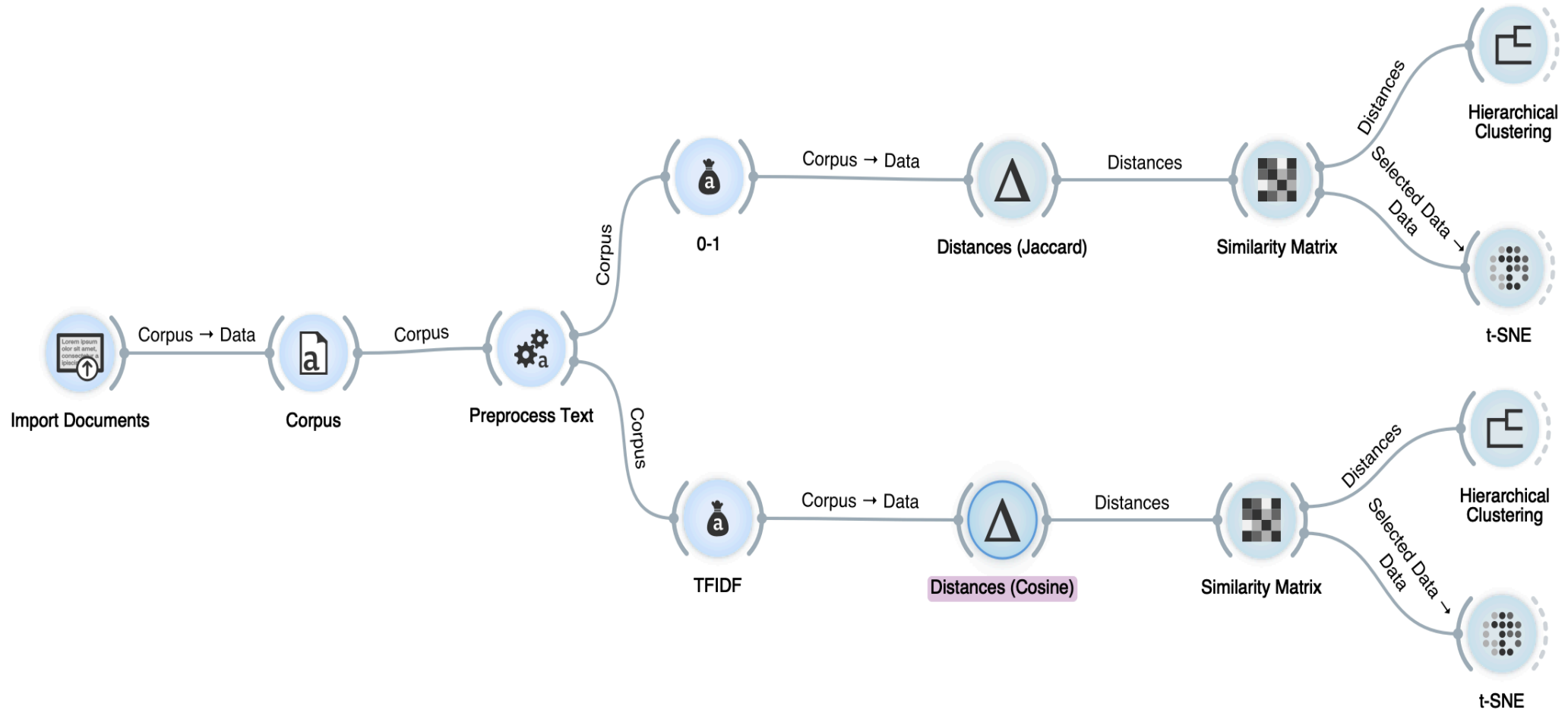
How many people do we need to compare, group, tag **10 000** qualifications of different structure and content?

$$(X + Y) \times N$$

- ✓  $X$  analytics
- ✓  $Y$  qualifications experts
- ✓ for  $N$  months



# Exemplary pipelines in Orange







## Two baseline approaches

	Approach no. 1	Approach no. 2
Basis for comparison	Learning outcomes	Synthetic description
Features	lemmatized nouns	lemmatized n-grams
No. of features	ca. 3300	ca. 4000
Feature weighting	0–1	TFIDF
Measure of similarity	jaccard	cosine



## Natural Language Processing – basic terms

- ✓ lemmatization (detrmining base forms of words)
- ✓ jaccard index (of similarity)
- ✓ TFIDF
- ✓ n-grams
- ✓ cosine similarity



## Example of data preprocessing: 'Atomization' of learning outcomes (LO) – difficult task for Polish

Using NLP tools, we atomized the LO's and extracted and lemmatized relevant words:

- (The learner) **describes** and **explains** the construction of **hammers** and **nails**



- **Describes** the construction of the **hammer** + **Explains** the construction of the **hammer** + **Describes** the construction of the **nails** + **Explains** the construction of the **nails**



- (**describe**, **hammer**, **explain**, **nail**, construction)



## Jaccard index

$$J(A, B) = \frac{|A \cap B|}{|A \cup B|} = \frac{|A \cap B|}{|A| + |B| - |A \cap B|}$$



**TFIDF**

$$tfidf_{i,j} = \frac{n_{i,j}}{\sum_k n_{k,j}} \cdot \log \frac{|D|}{|d : t_i \in d|}$$





## cosine similarity

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}}{\|\mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{B}\|} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n A_i B_i}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n A_i^2} \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n B_i^2}}$$



**... but let us focus on the results**



## **Case 1. Dental assistant qualification: automated extraction of keywords**

Key phrases (with TFIDF values):

0.181 lekarz dentysta [dentist]

0.181 dentysta [dentist]

0.176 stomatologiczny [dental]

0.161 dentystyczny [dental]

0.152 gabinet dentystyczny [dental surgery - place]

0.150 gabinet [surgery - place]



## **Case 1. Dental assistant qualification: most similar qualifications based on calculation of cosine similarity**

The most similar qualifications (with cosine similarity):

0.9158 – Dental hygienist

0.7508 – Assisting the dentist and keeping the surgery ready for work

0.7347 – Paramedic

0.6841 – Orthoptist

0.6777 – Dental technician



## Case 2. Design of websites qualification: automated extraction of keywords

Key phrases (with TFIDF values):

0.421 server

0.386 (to) create

0.268 client

0.231 content

0.216 database

0.212 copy





## **Case 2. Design of websites qualification: most similar qualifications based on calculation of cosine similarity**

The most similar qualifications (with cosine similarity):

0.4638 – Programming, creation and administration of websites and databases (since September 1, 2017)

0.3346 – Creation of web applications and databases and administration of databases

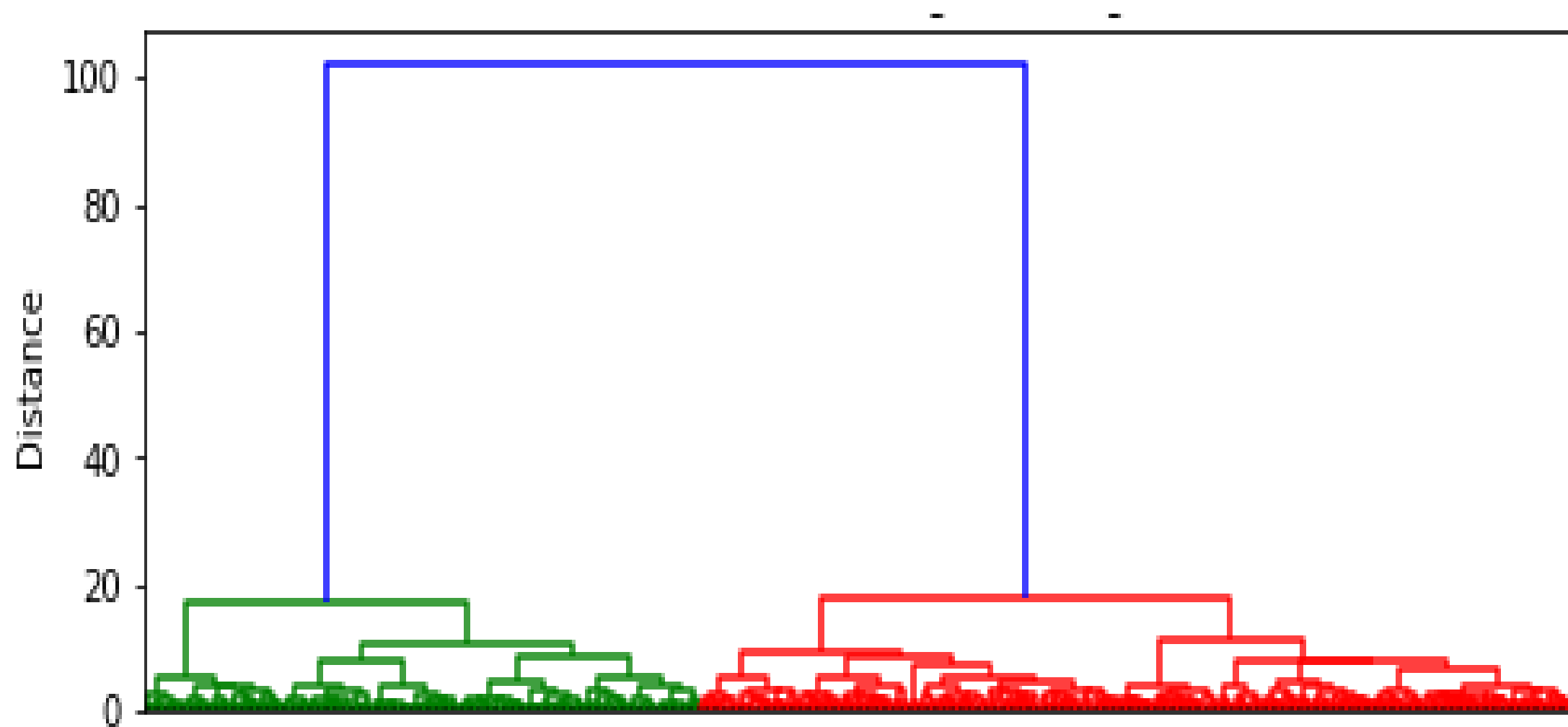
0.2705 – IT technician (since September 1, 2017)

0.2223 – IT technician

0.2116 – Project management



## Case 3. Deglomerative (top-down) hierarchical clustering dendrogram





### **Case 3. Deglomerative (top-down) hierarchical clustering dendrogram – example of 4th level cluster**

- ✓ Exploitation of mechatronic systems in agriculture
- ✓ Exploitation of mechatronic systems in agriculture (since September 1, 2017)
- ✓ Use of vehicles, machinery, equipment and tools used in agriculture
- ✓ Maintenance and repair of vehicles, machinery and equipment used in agriculture
- ✓ Maintenance and repair of vehicles, machinery and equipment used in agriculture (since 1 September 2017)
- ✓ Beekeeping
- ✓ Conducting agricultural production
- ✓ Running an agritourism farm
- ✓ Organisation and supervision of agricultural and beekeeping production
- ✓ Organisation and supervision of agricultural production
- ✓ Animal husbandry, breeding and insemination
- ✓ Animal husbandry and insemination (since 1 September 2017)
- ✓ Performing auxiliary activities in the field of veterinary services
- ✓ Performing auxiliary activities in the scope of veterinary inspection tasks
- ✓ Performing auxiliary activities in the field of veterinary services and veterinary control and supervision (since September 1, 2017)



## Case 3. Deglomerative (top-down) hierarchical clustering dendrogram – example of 6th level cluster with human labelling

- ✓ Exploitation of mechatronic systems in agriculture
- ✓ Exploitation of mechatronic systems in agriculture (since September 2017)
- ✓ Use of vehicles, machinery, equipment and tools used in agriculture
- ✓ Maintenance and repair of vehicles, machinery and equipment used in agriculture
- ✓ Maintenance and repair of vehicles, machinery and equipment used in agriculture (since September 2017)
- ✓ Beekeeping
- ✓ Conducting agricultural production
- ✓ Running an agritourism farm
- ✓ Organisation and supervision of agricultural and beekeeping production
- ✓ Organisation and supervision of agricultural production
- ✓ Animal husbandry, breeding and insemination
- ✓ Animal husbandry and insemination (since 1 September 2017)
- ✓ Performing auxiliary activities in the field of veterinary services
- ✓ Performing auxiliary activities in the scope of veterinary inspection
- ✓ Performing auxiliary activities in the field of veterinary services and supervision (since September 1, 2017)

**Mechatronic systems in agriculture**

**Vehicles maintenance**

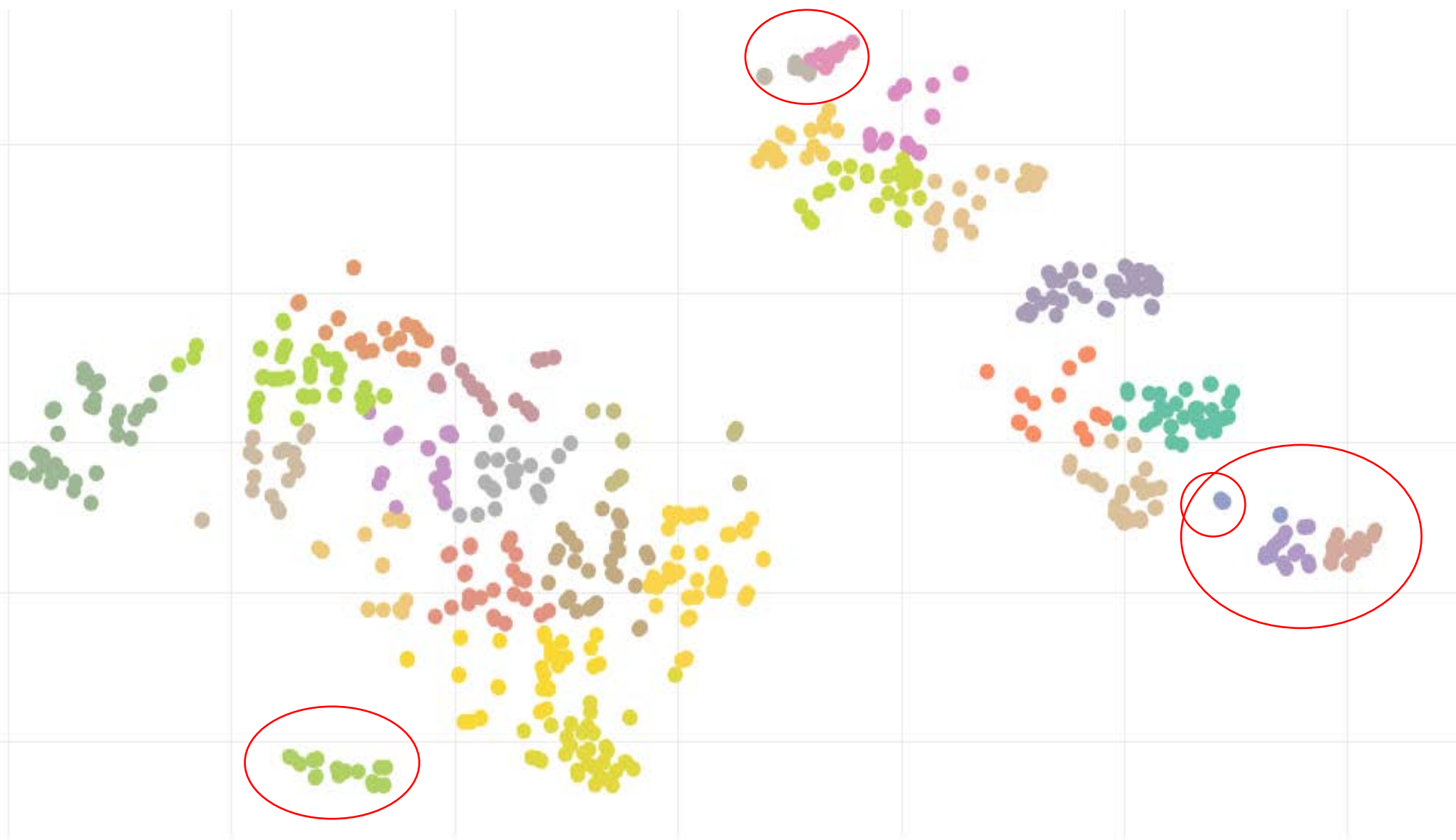
**Agricultural production and beekeeping**

**Animal husbandry**

**Veterinary services**



## Case 4. T-SNE visualisation in 2D space with K-Means clustering (colours) ([demo](#))







## **We see our results as proof of concept for:**

- ✓ automated comparison of qualifications and explicable/interpretable degree of similarity
- ✓ automated extraction of key phrases for qualifications
- ✓ grouping / clustering of qualifications – independent from existing classifications



## Work in progress

- ✓ grouping methods pilotage and application – testing other approaches
  - ✓ knowledge-based measures using WordNet
  - ✓ vector language models (word2vec, fasttext, ELMo, USE...)
  - ✓ ARTM (topic modeling)
  - ✓ model ensembling
- ✓ collecting data concerning occupations, job offers, etc. for the purpose of model training and data augmentation
- ✓ consultations with experts, evaluation of results
- ✓ feasibility study on chatbot
- ✓ three applications supporting register users



Thank  
You!

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