

# EU approach and guidelines on validation of non-formal and informal learning

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European Centre for the Development of Vocational Training



## Valuing all skills

The European guidelines for validating non-formal and informal learning – 3rd edition

3 October 2023 15.00-16.30 CET

**Cedefop virtual get-together** 







## **VALIDATION** – a question of **VALUES**

All learning, irrespective of where and when it takes place, is valuable for the individual and for society.

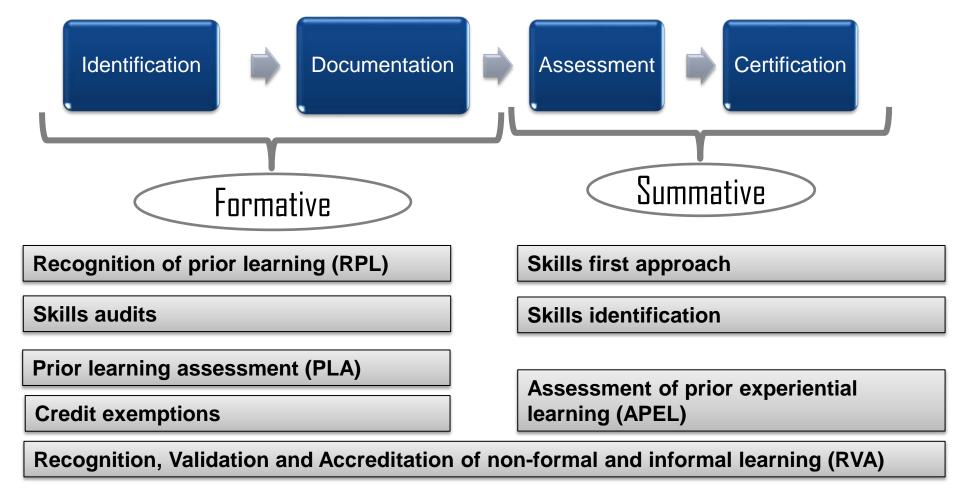
Formal learning needs to be supplemented by validation of non-formal and informal learning.



#### Validation: The hero with a thousand faces



**Validation** means a <u>process</u> of confirmation by an authorised body that an individual has acquired learning outcomes measured against a relevant standard



Villalba-García, E. (2021). Validation of non-formal and informal learning: The hero with a thousand faces? European Journal of Education, 56, 351–364. https://doi.org/10.1111/ejed.12468



### Objective of the VNIFL Council Recommendation (2012)

#### **GENERAL OBJECTIVE**



...provide individuals in all Member States with opportunities to validate their skills acquired outside formal education and training systems and to use the results of validation to study or work anywhere in Europe

#### **OPERATIONAL OBJECTIVES**



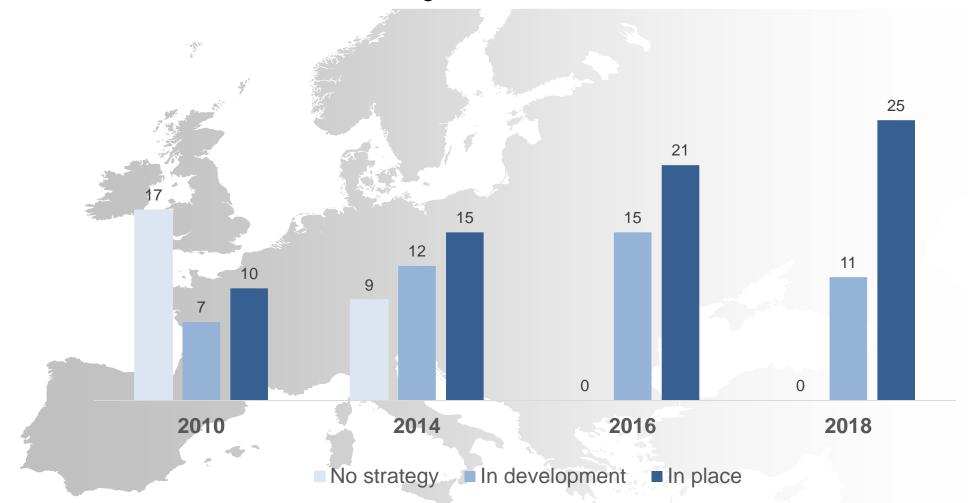
- Qualifications in NQFs can be acquired through formal programmes and through validation
- Mechanisms for the identification, documentation, assessment and certification of skills acquired through non-formal and informal learning
- Allow people to have their skills and competences identified and documented
- Cooperation and exchange of good practices
- Raise awareness of validation opportunities
- Update the guidelines and the inventory in cooperation with Member States



## **Validation strategies**



Number of countries with validation strategies



Source: European Inventory 2018

## Storyline of validation in EU







2017

EQF new recommendation

European Pillar of social rights

European
Commission

Covid-19

2023

3rd ed European
Guidelines

2020

New skills

agenda

















2004 2005

1st EU 2nd EU inventory inventory

**2008** 3<sup>rd</sup> EU

inventory

**2010** 4<sup>th</sup> EU

inventory

5<sup>th</sup> EU inventory

2014

2016

pathways

6<sup>th</sup> EU inventory

2018

7<sup>th</sup> EU inventory

2024

8<sup>th</sup> EU inventory

Adapted from: Villalba, E., & Bjornavold, J. (2017), Villaba-García (2016), Villalba-García, E., Souto-Otero, M., & Murphy, I. (2014)



## Main drivers for validation through EU actions



- European Skills Agenda (2020) many of its actions refer to validation:
  - Council Recommendation on vocational education and training (2020)
  - Council Recommendation on individual learning accounts (2022)
  - Council Recommendation on a European approach to microcredentials (2022)
  - Europass Decision (2018)
  - Council Recommendation on Upskilling Pathways New opportunities for adults (2016); recalled in 2020 Skills for Life action
- Council Resolution on a new European agenda for adult learning 2021-2030



## A harder than expected climb

May 2023 Published guidelines



GOAL

#### Publication of the guidelines

Translation into other languages (EN, ES, DE, IT, FR)

Dec 2022 - EQF AG Written comments

#### 28-29 November 2022

Last discusion at EQF AG

October 28 – 2<sup>nd</sup> Draft TO EQF AG

#### July - September 2022

Consultation with EQF project group on validation

#### **Ground work since 2020**

**Projects and events and forums** 

Plenary discussions in EQF AG meetings

A specific project group

**Consultation with experts** 

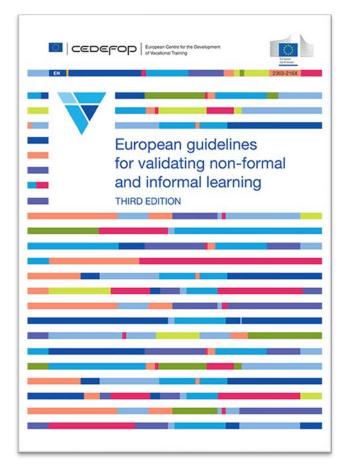
2 half-day expert event in November 2021

A EU Survey +100 respondents



## What is the purpose of the guidelines and how do they add value?





- Build on the principles outlined by the 2012 Recommendation
- Identify relevant factors for the design, development, promotion and implementation of validation
- Written for everybody involved in developing, implementing and operating validation
- Address common challenges at different levels and contexts and act as a source of inspiration and reflection for peer learning
- Work both, at a strategic and technical level
- Work together with the European Inventory



Any solution must be fit for purpose and reflect the context in question. The Guidelines point to available options, and the implications of these, when establishing and operating validation arrangements

https://www.cedefop.europa.eu/en/publications/3093



CHAPTER 2

A strategic vision: the individual at the centre

**CHAPTER 3** 

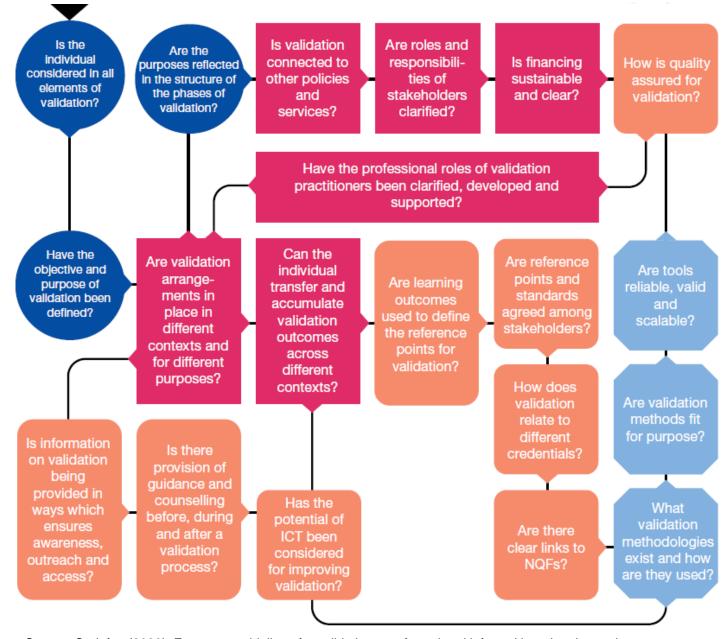
Validation as a facilitator of individual, lifelong and life-wide learning

CHAPTER 4

Validation provision elements

CHAPTER 5

Validation methodologies and tools



Source: Cedefop (2023). European guidelines for validating non-formal and informal learning. Luxembourg: Publications Office. Cedefop reference series; No 124. http://dx.doi.org/10.2801/389827



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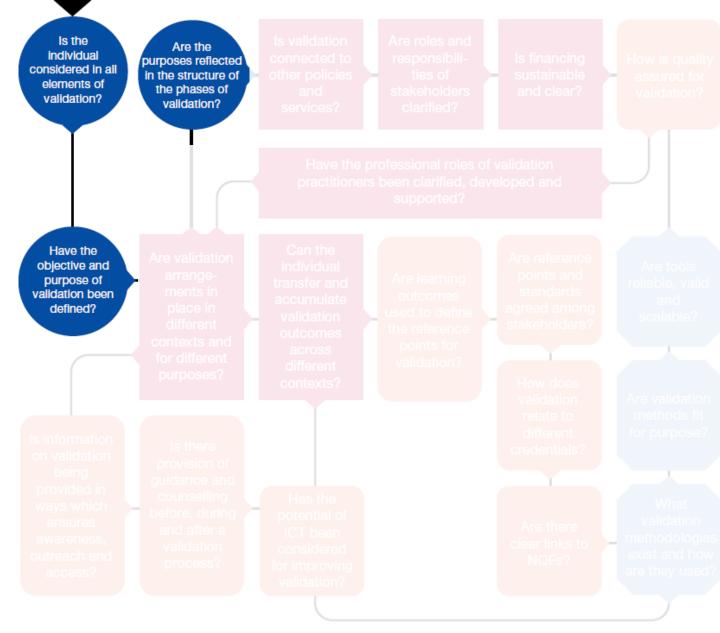
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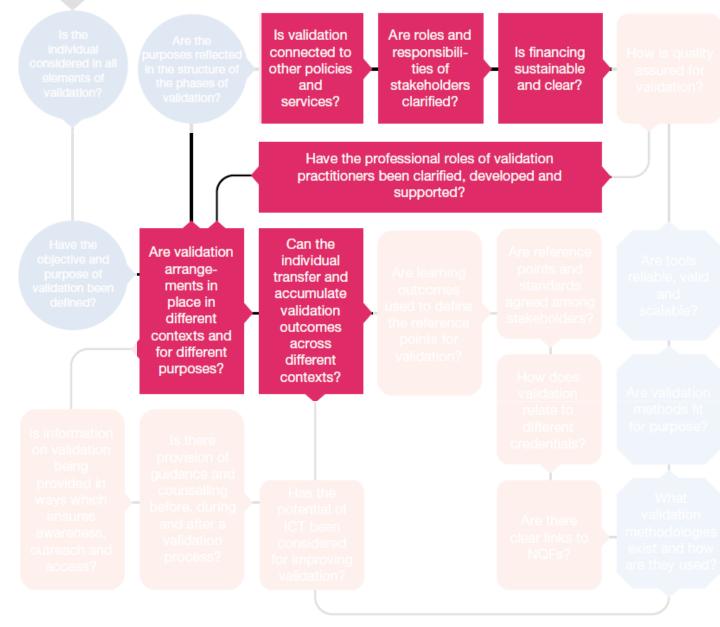
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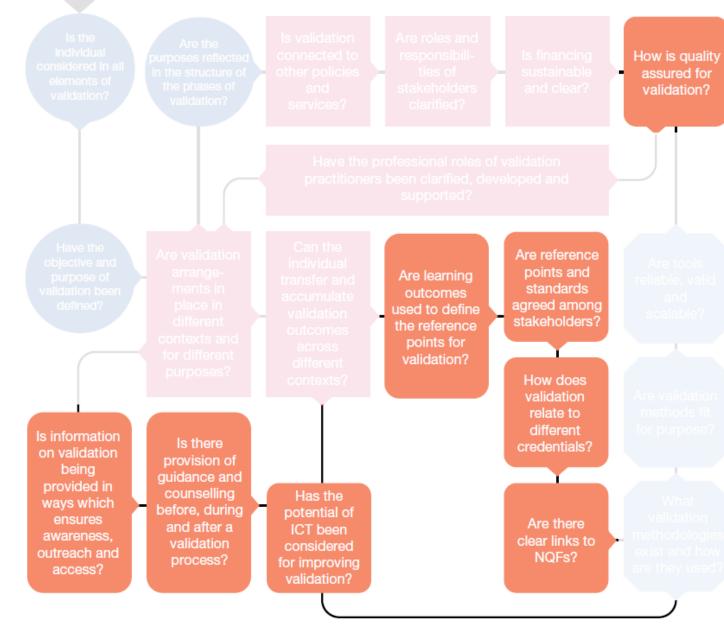
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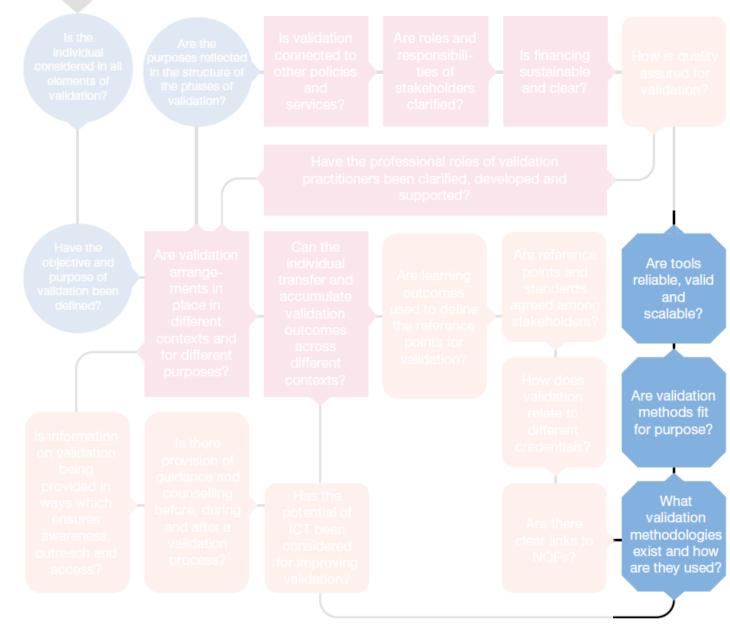
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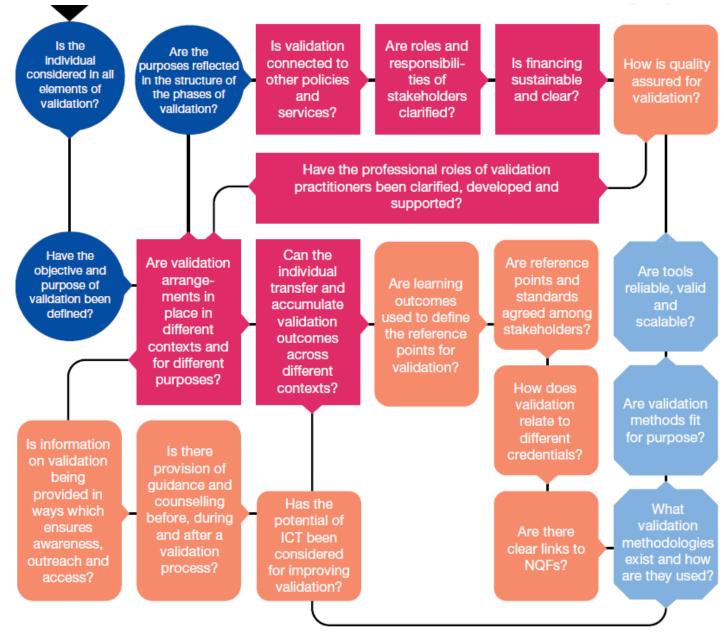
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## Thank you



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